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APPACEMENT A



25X1X4

Attended A

POST-REPOLICE MINET TREATE LE MINERY

From the time it was installed in power by the Soviete Last November , the Ender regime has employed progressively hareher methods of personation to assert control over the hostile population. Once the vide-spread rebellion was crushed by Soviet armed might, the most offective remistance came from the workers acting through their Washers' Souncile, organized during the revolution. Ender at first sanctioned the existence of these Councils and ostensibly accepted their emboury, apparently in the hope of controlling them and them returning the workers to their traditionally subscribed, welcomes rate in the Communiat state. Personalon, negotiation, laws and decrees—for example, the decree of 9 December outlanding the Badapast Workers' Councils' independance of sation.

The motorious decree of James, IS finally imported a veneer of legality to the arrests, imprisonment, and executions which were impressingly publicised. Since it was the workers' resistance that was most designing to the Eader government, it seems likely that the workers were the main terget of this terpor. However, examination of more than 190 reports of legal actions in three major Hangarian regime newspapers' between James and Jame 1957 suggests that the regime is taxing once to sould the impression that it is freezing on any one group: workers, passents or intellectuals. Examples of each have been reported. In most instances the occupation or social status of the victim is not mentioned; he is characterized merely as a "resident" of a particular torn or nematy.

Similarly, the regime avoids giving the impression that it is persecuting individuals for participation in the October revolution. Though constructed interpretational in the October "events" figures in some accounts of trials, in many instances it is treated as incidental to other, more current offenses. Thus, concealing of some is perhaps the most common charge. Other frequent charges are marker, incling, rebbory, incitement to armed resistance and strikes, and assisting in illegal border crossings.

^{*} Department (the Party paper), Repainted (the trade union paper), and bell Roles (on "Independent paper).

Monopoper everage respectives on investigations to items on extents, indictments, details of the trial itself, or sustained. Fall coverage is given in relatively few cases, presentally in those which serve most effectively as object lessons to the local population or which represented driving and demonstrable exists even in the eyes of the free world. With certain exceptions, the victims are ordinary citizens unknown outside their local community.

The simplify quality of the information released by the Kadar regime for publication andres it difficult to execute the merits of most same involved, or even to learn of the ultimate fate of the immediate if not thousands of victims of the perfor. May accurate teleslation of the mader of arrests or sentences is impossible. Reverse, the Emperion Government Commissioner for America, ir. Perence haven, states that in the period of momeny invisitation between December 12 and Petronny 2). 304 vertices were handed down. Forty death numbers were meted out, of which is were executed. It is remandable to seems that such official figures are considerably lower than the actual figures. Similar falsification was evident in the Sugardan regime's figures on refugees the flot to the best, on committee daring the revolution, and on departation to the levict later.

25X1C8b 25X1C8b





Attachment B

No DeMarat, 21 Key 1957

"The summery court of the Budapest town court will open the trial of Agoston PARISZMAJER and accomplices on Tuesday. Until Hovember 4, PARISZMAJER had been fighting in Practerutes, 9th District. He fired at Soviet tanks and visited Killan Barracks where for 1-2 days, he acted as a listenman with Paleter. On January 11, he incited workers at Caepel to demonstrate and the next day to attack the local militia."

Repakarat, 14 May 1957

"One of the leaders of the counterrevolutionary strike drive in Baranya county, Emil DOBROVICS, 26, a resident of Pecs and a former worker at the Pecs sines, has been sentenced to 14 years imprisonment."

Nepakarat, 29 April 1957

"After a two-week trial, the Hograd county court sentenced former president of the county Forkers' Council Ervin SZABO and former president of the Haybatony Hational Committee Jossef BEDA to 8 years imprisonment. A former Workers' Council leader, Ander JECOMENIX was sentenced to seven years imprisonment. Other defendants received terms of two to two and one half years."

Radio Budapest, 25 April 1957 as cited in East Europe, June 1957

Janua KIS of Caepel was hanged after his plea for mercy was rejected by the Presidential Council. He had been sentenced on April 9, for "concealing firearms and assumition."

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Bonekarat, 19 April 1957

"The counterrevolutioneries of Labetlan cement works, Josef KIRALY and Andres SOCKWII will appear before summary court. In the Hovember days, these terrorists procured arms and grenades. They assaulted the apartments of six communists, fixed into the apartments, and three hand grenades into the windows. By mere chance, they caused no casualties."

Mapagabadasc, 20 April 1957

Letvan MICHIMAL, a policemen during the Morthy era, was executed for murdering the old labor sovement "stalwart" Raisen THRMER during the counterrevolution.

Radio Badapest, 17 April 1957 as cited in East Europe, June 1957

Three former members of a cable factory Workers' Conneil were arrested in mid-April. They were members of a group which printed NOR (we start again in March) leaflets and had taken part in the October revolution.

Esti Mirlar, 16 April 1957

The new People's Court tried its first case to prosocuting Intern MICSIMAI, locksmith, for murder.

Reposebadeag, 13 April 1957

Special Court of the Borsed County Court sentences Miklos 21, a relirosc worker, to death for murder. Sentence executed April 12.

Sevenaret, 10 April 1957

"The Budapest summary military court last Tuesday tried factory worker Jamos SCHIFF, 27, with a criminal record, resident of Budapest, for hiding area and assumition. The court sentenced SCHIFF to death by hanging. The court recommended reprieve to the Presidential Council."

Repersional 10 April 1957

Jenos GIRBE tried to organise a new insurrection in Ormosbanya, by preparing the members of the Ormosbanya Forkers' Council to provoke a strike at a propitious moment. He was arrested before the plot was consummated and handed over to the Public Processor for indictment.

Menagabadaar, 12 April 1957

A military susmary court sentenced "civilian" Perenc BALASZ to death. Reprieve was not granted. Death sentence reprieves were granted to Sandor BATA, "civilian" and Gyula GARAMI, civilian"; the sentences were changed to imprisonment.

Repairabedons, 3 April 1957

Last Thesday the Budapest Town Court passed sentence in the trial of Bels MAGY and accomplices. The greater part of them and MAGY were employees of MAY (Bungarian State Railways) at the Smeb border station. Abusing their official status they essented different goods from Czechoslovakia into Hungary and sold them at a profit. The court declared MAGY and his is accomplices guilty of financial and currency crimes and profitering and sentenced Bels MAGY to 25, Lasslowskii to 1, and Otto CSIMADIA to one year in prison..."

March 1957

At a summary trial by the Budspest garrison military court, Ferenc BALASS, "as sumillary worker with a criminal record" was sentenced to death for concealing arms. Gess ROS, a high school teacher and resident of Bekesessiba was given ten years for the same offense.

Bati Kirles, 21 March 1957

Porest worker letvan GZABO was sentenced to 15 years imprisonment for throwing hand granades at two miners and for hiding explosives and empunition.

Morabarat, 21 Farch 1957

*After a numbery trial, the Budapest Town Court has passed sentence on chief mechanic Jossef JAKAB and electrician Fiber EATHONAI. The accused had hidden two machine pistols, one rifle, two loaded magazines and a great amount of assumition at their working place. Jozzef JAKAB was sentenced to six, Tiber EATHONAI to five years in prison."

Esti Hirles, 19 Heren 1957

"Deiver James BALAZE, 32, with a criminal record of 11 previous convictions, undertook to exurgis people over the border. He received money, then disappeared. The 14th District Court sentenced him to 25 years in prison. He has begun to serve his sentence."

Mesokarat, 13 March 1957

Streetear conductor Gyule GYABLOWKA arrested in connection with charges of "management."

Beti Mirlan, 13 March 1957

VASVARI. 19, and turner Miklos HOAVATH, 21, will be summarily tried before the Budapest Town Court for active and armed participation in the counterrevolution in November. Forker Lassic FOZMANN was also indicted for failing to Genounce these activities to the authorities.

Fernandada, 10 March 1957

"Bagisser Lajos STANKOVICS, formerly a president of the workers' Council of the town of Magreores has been arrested by the Magreores military forces and delivered to the police authorities. He was emight in the act of hiding arms. Also arrested was fiber PAPOLEZY, a former officer of the General Staff of the Northy army. A great amount of amounttion and explosives was found in his possession."

Month lacency 7 March 1957

Lathe mechanic Lajor Sallal his arms and ammunition at the Memp and Jute Works. Sallal had taken part in the siege of the radio building. He had been elected by counterrevolutionaries into the Worksrs' Council. He undertook anti-Party and anti-government activities at the works.

Pank clark BATIZI came to the works some years ago, worked closely with counterrevolutionaries who promised to send him to parliament. After election to the Workers' Council, he forced the legally elected Workers' Council to resign, and then got himself elected secretary.

Both sen have been taken into custody.

Monasabadana, 3 March 1957

Laboratory worker Ervin ANTAL arrested for organizing the strike of 11-12 December in Caspal Iron and Metal Works.

The Interpreter, March 1957

Perene CRSOS, aged 42, and Perene RUZSAK, aged 34, both railroad workers were sentenced to prison terms. CRSOS was
seld to have hidden, since 1944, two revolvers and 12 rounds
of examplifies in his apartment, which were discovered on
Jamuary 21. He was sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment and
10 years' Loss of civil rights. RUZSAK, sentenced to 10
years' imprisonment and five years' loss of civil rights, was
said to have acquired a military pistol in November and
hidden it in his loft.

Esti Eirlag, 26 Pebruary 1957

waiter Cabor Vasca and industrial apprentices letven Pelles and Lacale MISLI were arrested for plotting an uprising on March 15 in MCAVAS. They had hidden arms for the purpose. They will be tried.

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Bungarian Information Service, as cited by The Interpreter, Pabruary 1997

A group who had "attacked worker-peasant rule" was tried before the Sudapest garrison's Military Tribunal. The group was headed by a Budapest worker, Josef VARGA, and was charged with concealing arms and assemblation. They also were assumed of planning to "foment strikes." Three were sentenced to death, three to ten and six to five years' imprisonment, and two were assembled.

Menutabadnas, 14 Pebruary 1957

Laselo LUEDVICE and Miklos CLAK killed major of the armed forces Sander OFRENDEK during the troubles of the beginning of December. They were tried and condemned to death for surder, revolutionary organization and hiding arms by the Miskolc County Court."

Reparabasess, 1 Petruary 1957

A trial has been opened against Lagglo IVANDI, 24, an "comployee," and Lajos MEMES, his accomplice for hiding arms, counter-revolutionary activities, attempted manufacture, and production of illegal press materials. These crimes were committed in commetion with the "counterrevolutionary assault in Sper December 11-12." IVANDI had seized the Sper Printing Prese and printed insiting posters. He also assaulted a police captain, but was restrained from doing his severe injury by the more reasonable elements in a crowd."

Benesiadaar, 30 January 1957

About December 13, Corporal Gage HEIKE, printer Sendor KATONA, industrial vorter James SZUTTER, and swith Andrew SUDAS were arrested for concealing arms and assumition near forms. They are former Arrow Grees men and war criminals. They will be tried before a susmary court.

Markabadanc, 25 January 1957

The Budapest Public Prosecutor's office has submitted to the Court as indictment against management, motorear driver Gustav NEVER, a resident of Budapest. On November 25, 26, and 2) REVEST saided about 50-60 people over the border in the vicinity of the village of Portobox. He accepted money as payment. In the course of the house searching a sum of 17,700 forints was found. HEVEST admitted that he had received it from the people he had guided over the border."

Repakarat, 11 January 1957 as cited by The Interpretar.

James TERROVICS, Jr., a fifter aged 31, was tried by enumary procedure before the Military Court of Endapout. At the beginning of Morouber, he had obtained a pistol, two rifles, and above assumition, which were discovered when his house was searched. He was sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment. His father was sentenced to ten years for hiding a pistol in a chimney.

Radio Bedarest, about 6 December as cited in Sast Surope, January 1957

Police arrested Goza MOVACS, a 22-year old Budepost technician at the seres factory who wormed his way into the workers' Countil and acted as Chairman. Investigation has established that logged MESCAROS, another member of the workers' Council, convinced the Chairman to authorize the tasks of countervevolutionary leaflets. It has further been established that among the sylminal elements there are many sho set as members of the workers' Councils or as representatives of the workers' Councils. In this way, they bring into ill-repute tomest, well-intentioned workers who support reconstruction.